



VTT

Sustainable electronics at VTT

31/03/2021 VTT – beyond the obvious

Sustainable development

“ Sustainable development aims to meet the **needs of present generations without jeopardising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs.**

It provides a comprehensive approach bringing together economic, social and environmental considerations in ways that mutually reinforce each other.

https://ec.europa.eu/info/strategy/international-strategies/sustainable-development-goals/eu-approach-sustainable-development_en



EU committed to implementing the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and the SDGs.

Motivation for sustainability in flexible electronics

Global electrical and electronic **waste production increasing with 6.5 CAGR%**¹ with only **20% collected/recycled** properly².

Global consumption of material resources expected to more than double between 2015 and 2050³.

¹Sullivan, M. *Printed Electronics: Global Markets to 2022*, BCC Research LLC. 2018

²Ellen MacArthur Foundation. *Circular consumer electronics: an initial exploration*. 2017

³European Union reflection paper. *Towards a Sustainable Europe by 2030*. January 2019



Drivers and tools for sustainable flexible electronics

- New functional properties
- Improved performance
- Need for end-of-life solutions (cradle-to-cradle)
- Need for reduction of carbon footprint
- Limited availability of raw materials
- Possibility to use abundant and cost-compatible materials



Energy and material efficient manufacturing

Materials from renewable resources

Bio-degradable / compostable materials

Eco-design, circular design

Recycle, reuse, repair

VTT tackles sustainable development through multidisciplinary competences in **biomaterial development and printed and hybrid electronic**

- Additive manufacturing process – low emissions and losses
- Possibility to use wide selection of substrate materials including biobased, compostable and recyclable materials
- New functionalities through bio-materials

Our goal – Implementation of bio-based materials as a new normal in electronics.

Research topics towards sustainable solutions for flexible electronics

- **Renewable, biobased and biodegradable** substrates and overmolding materials
- **Abundant materials** for conductors
- **Functional components and materials** based on intrinsic material properties
- **Sustainable powering solutions**



Pioneering work in printed paper based hybrid electronics

Wireless sensor devices on a paper surface which are manufactured by using **high-end and low-cost printing techniques.**

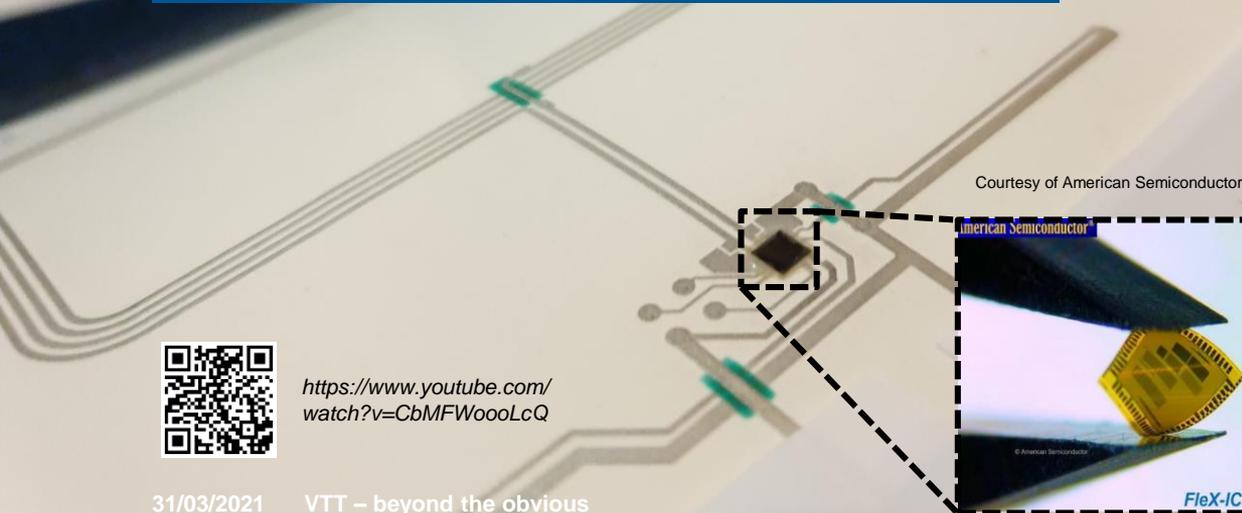
- Open/close detection in shipping of valuable goods
- Humidity and temperature sensing in shipping of precious goods (paper-based humidity sensors)
- Tracking and tracing of registered post



EU FP7 ROPAS (2011-2015)

Silicon on paper

- Paper based hybrid electronics
- Sustainable temperature logger tag
- Paper + bare-die ultra-thin RFID temperature sensor chip





ecotronics

Sustainable Electronics & Optics

Sustainability through

- Selecting highly recyclable and compostable materials
- Promoting environmentally friendly manufacturing technologies to reduce use of materials
- Developing the methodology to recover the materials
- Quantifying the environmental impact of the developed solutions



ECOtronics



Material development

- Sustainable substrates: cellulose based, paper coatings, bio-plastics, bio-composites
- Inks: e.g. metal replacement
- Adhesives: e.g. low temperature alternatives

Life-cycle

- Assessment, repulpability, deinking



Printed components development for energy module with innovative product design

- Super-capacitor, OPV, diodes

PCB design and testing on sustainable substrates

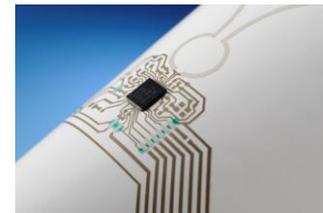


<https://www.ecotronics.fi>



Sustainable R2R processing

- Printing, hot embossing, over moulding, assembly, converting

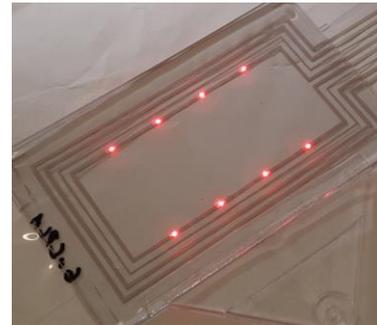


Application of bio-based materials for printed, hybrid and structural electronics

Benchmarking of several bio-based materials

- Film processing
- Mechanical and thermal properties
- Stability (temperature)
- Performance in printed and hybrid electronic applications (resistance of printed test patterns)
- Printing, hybrid-integration overmolding

Bio-based electronics applicable as lightweight, functional structures e.g. in automotive industry.



Luoma et al. (2021) *J. Plastic Film & Sheeting* 0(0) 1- 34
Välämäki et al. (2020) *Int. J Adv. Manuf. Technol.* 111 (1) 325-339

BIOBOAT – A sensor for clean indoor air built using bio-based materials

Article under preparation

Biopolymer-based sail

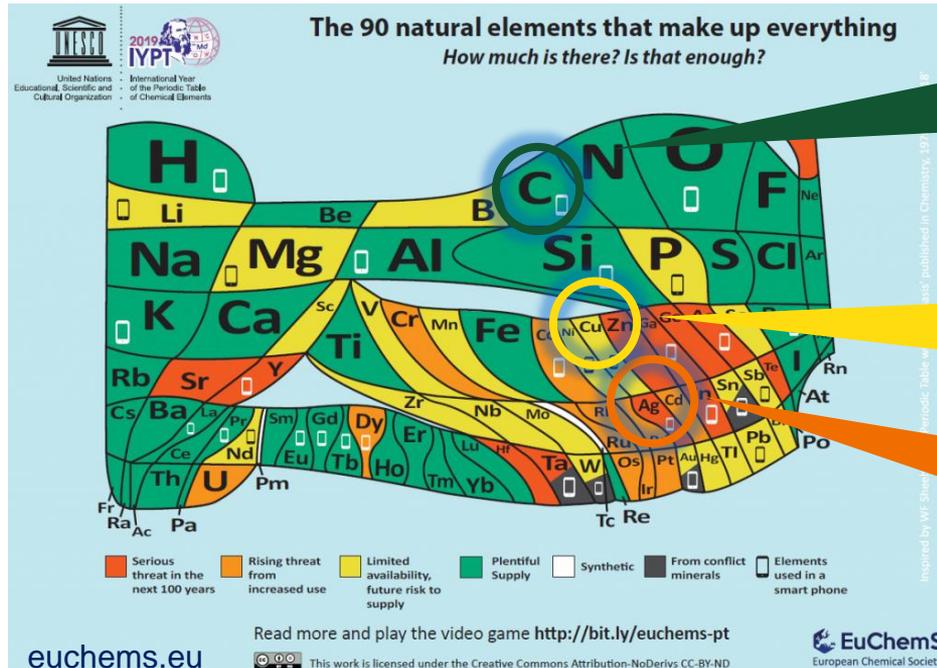
- Printed, hybrid integrated and overmoulded
- LED indicators for informing of air quality (CO₂)
- Electrical performance improved in comparison to reference polymers

3D-printed, cellulose-based and recyclable boat housing the electronic module.



Lights turn from GREEN to RED with increasing CO₂ levels due to insufficient indoor ventilation or crowded space.

Replacement of silver based conductors with more abundant and inexpensive substitutes



C
Est. 1 – 10 €/kg
1-10 Ω/\square^* , **

Cu
6 €/ kg
0.01-0.05 Ω/\square^*

Ag
680 €/kg
0.005-0.01 Ω/\square^*

* Typical values for printed layer
** As graphene ink

Flexible and textile integrated electronics based on graphene

- **Capacitive touch sensitive electrodes on fabric** based on screen-printed conductive areas
 - Graphene pattern printed on polyurethane thin film laminated inside a t-shirt
 - 10% stretching of conductive wires without significant loss in conductivity demonstrated
- **Low-cost screen-printed graphene antennas** for near-field UHF RFID transponders

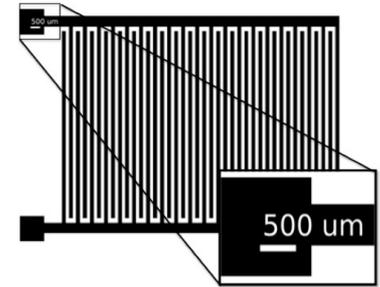
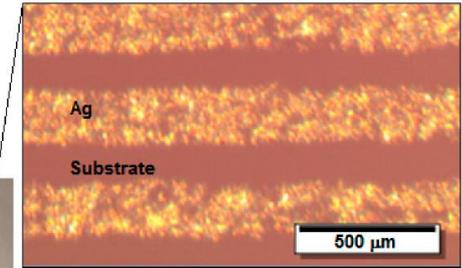
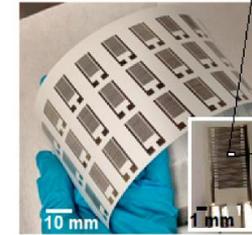
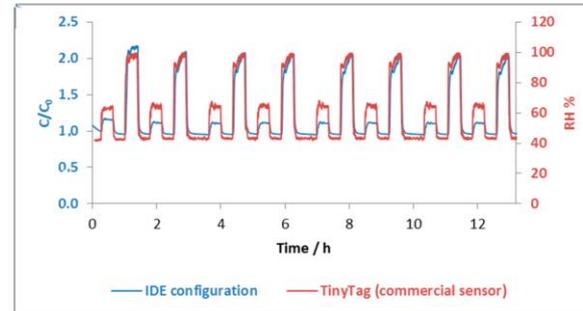
Jaakkola et al. (2020) *2D Materials* 7(1) 9 p. 015019



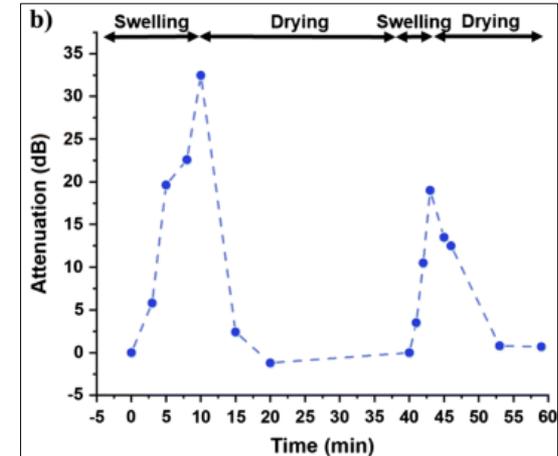
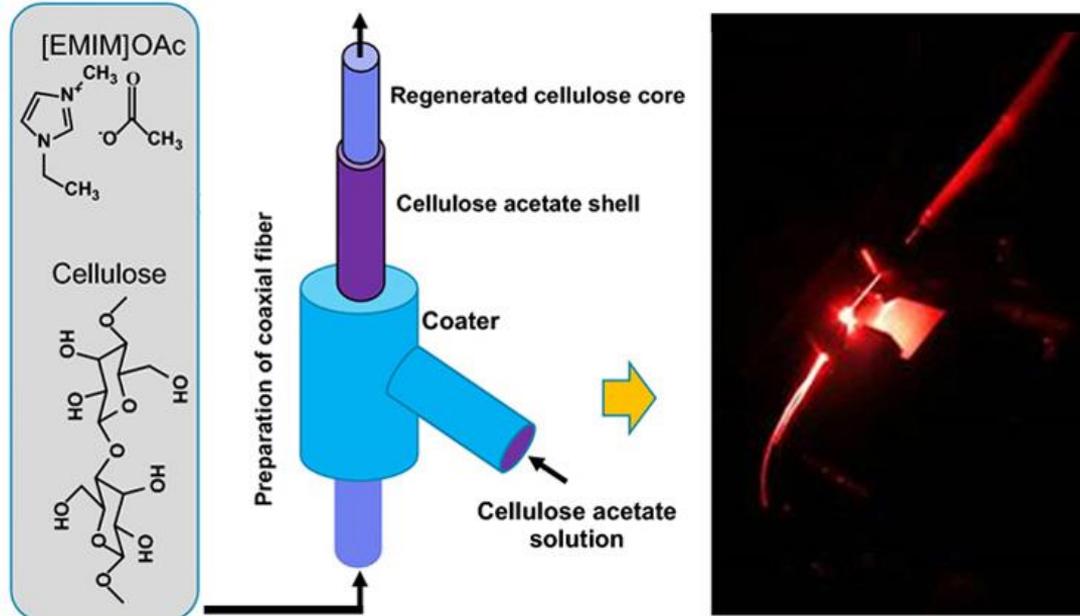
Paper based humidity sensors

- An inkjet-printed relative humidity sensor based on capacitive changes responding to **different humidity levels in the environment**
- Interdigitated silver electrodes on the paper substrate - **paper itself as a sensing material**

C. Gaspar et al., *Sensors* 2017, 17, 1464;
doi:10.3390/s17071464

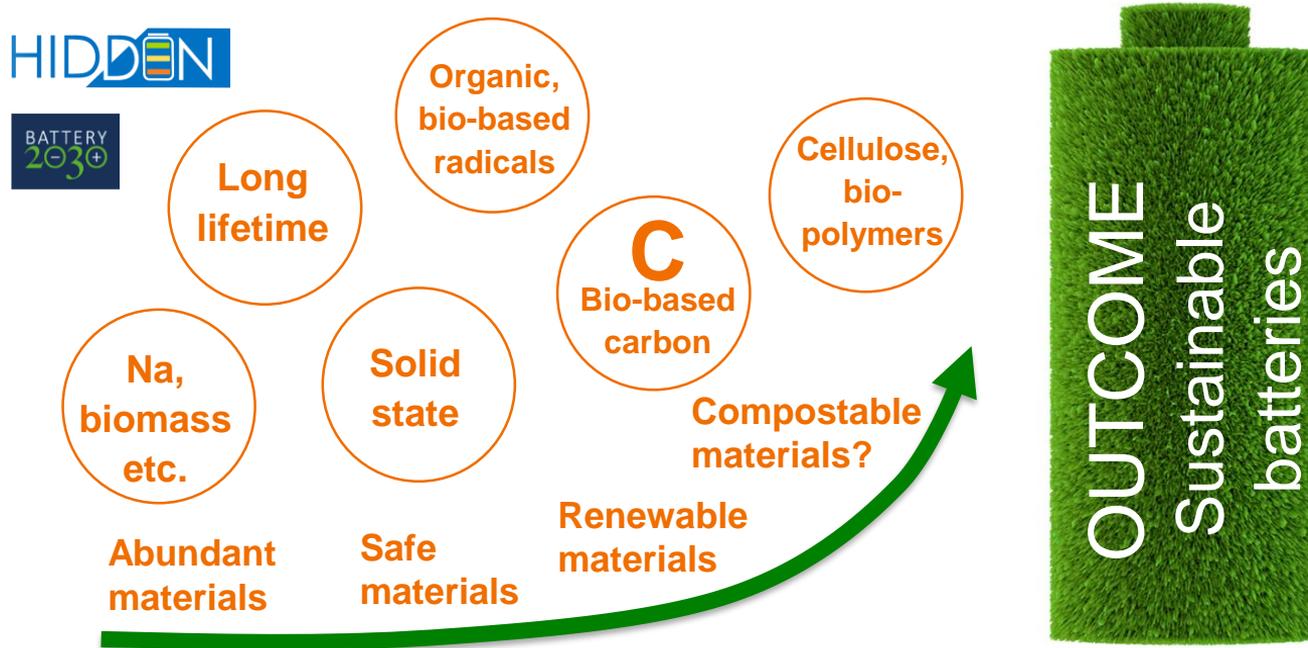


Optical cellulose materials enables new sustainable sensors for multiple application fields



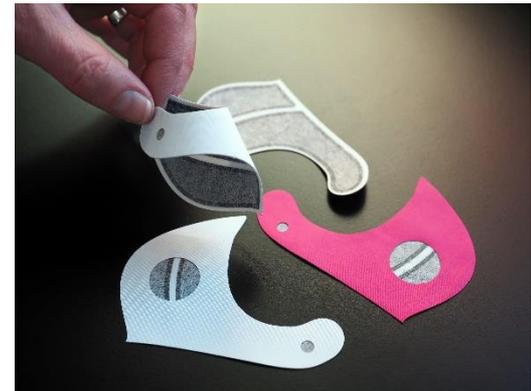
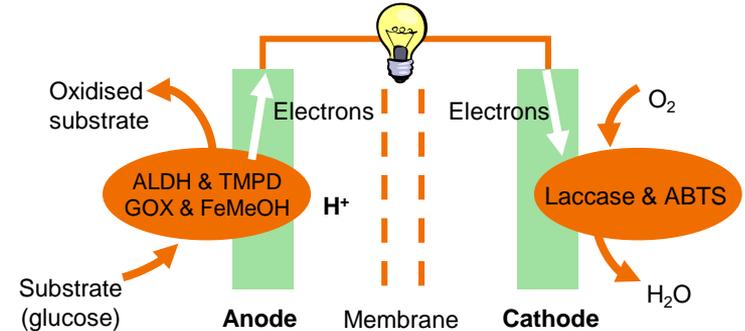
Orelma et al. "Optical cellulose fiber made from regenerated cellulose and cellulose acetate for water sensor applications", *Cellulose* 27, 1543-1553 (2020)

Further possibilities for batteries with high safety and lower environmental impact



Printed biofuel cell – Biobattery

- **Disposable, printed enzyme** based power source convert chemical energy into electricity via mediated enzyme catalysis
 - Open cell voltage: 0.4 V, appr. 1 V with Zn anode)
- Can be **activated with addition of moisture** (e.g. water, buffer, glucose containing drink, body fluids)
- Possible application in **skin care**



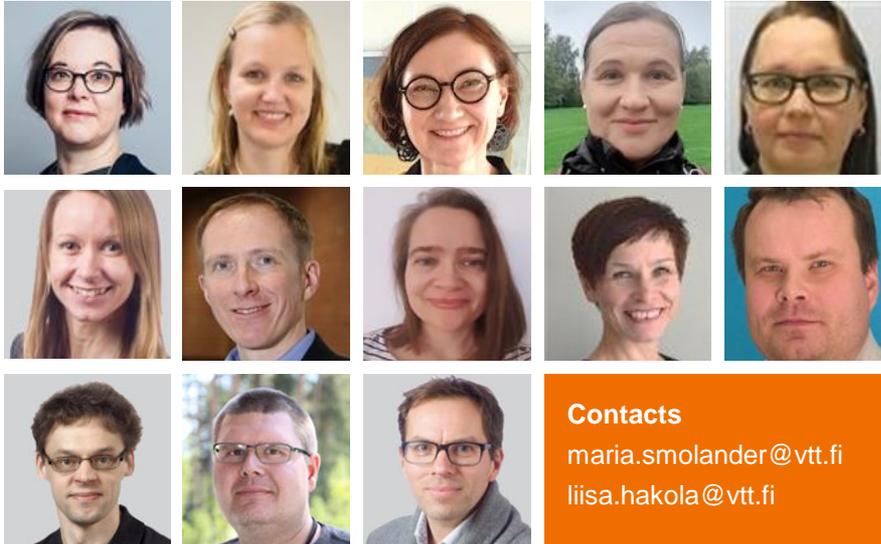
Tuurala et al. *Electroanalysis*, Vol. 24 (2012) No: 2, 229-238
 Smolander et al. *EMT43(2008)* 2:93-102, WO11073530A, WO07147947

Summary

- **Resource sufficiency** is a global challenge concerning all businesses
- **Sustainability as a business approach** is becoming widely adopted by companies and organisations around the world
- **Greener operations, products and sustainable materials** are the key!



VTT's multidisciplinary experts are working together for greener tomorrow!



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and many others!

bey⁰nd

the obvious

Thank you!

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